

(BY PROF.QURESHI UMMEHANI)

MCQS QUESTIONS

- Q1. An academic discipline is a branch of knowledge that is ----- as part of higher education.
 - A. Taught
 - B. Research
 - C. Survey
 - D. Evaluation
- Q2. According to peter sexias & Morton six historical thinking skills is.....
 - A. Use primary source evidence
 - B. Experimental studies
 - C. Understand the numerical skill of historical interpretation
 - D. Take language perspectives
- Q3. "Which of the following is not a characteristic of Humanistic Approach to learning in history ?"
 - A. It behaves in co-existence
 - B. Learning is experience based
 - C. It emphasizes self-motivation for better learning
 - D. The school policies take precedence over all other considerations
- Q4. What kind of language needs to be used in history teaching?
 - A. Representative of dominant groups
 - B. Discriminatory
 - C. Neutral and sensitive
 - D. Difficult

Q5. The use of teaching learning material in social science do

- A. Makes the lesson lengthy
- B. Students get bored
- C. Both the above statements are wrong
- D. Both (A) and (B)

Q6. Museum study the following units.

- A. Marketing and industries
- B. Technological development
- C. Development of sports
- D. History and culture

Q7. We move from specific to general in

- A. Inductive method
- B. Deductive method
- C. Drill method
- D. Discussion method
- Q8. According to whom, "A project is whole-hearted purposeful activity proceeding in a social environment".
 - A. W.H. Kilpatrick
 - B. Burton
 - C. J.A.Stevenson
 - D. Snedden
- Q9. The main objective of social studies teaching is to develop the following spirit in the students
 - A. spirit of Nationalism
 - B. spirit of provincialism
 - C. spirit of a particular place
 - D. spirit of casteism
- Q10. Which of the following methods could be considered most appropriate for encouraging students to think like historians?
 - A Project method
 - B Source method
 - C. Storytelling
 - D. Inquiry method
- Q11. Why would you ask question on historical imagination? Choose the most appropriate option from the following.

- A. It is fun-way to remember dates and events.
- B. It shows how historians fill gaps in history with their imagination.
- C. It encourages comparison of the present with the past.
- D. It evaluates a student's ability to identify sources.
- Q12. Generally information sources are divided mainly into following categories?
 - A Primary and Secondary
 - B Reference and information sources
 - C Documentary and non-documentary
 - D Books and periodicals
- Q13. Which of the following are the causes of bias in history?
 - 1 Impact of society
 - 2 Religious attitude
 - 3 Different political ideas
 - 4 process of choosing subjects Options
 - A (I), (II) and (III)
 - B (II) and (III)
 - C (III) and (IV)
 - D All A, B and C are correct
- Q14. Map and diagram in a Social science textbook are relevant as they
 - A Add a new dimension to the concept
 - B Are made by experts
 - C Make a textbook attractive
 - D Clarify a concept
- Q15. In direct instruction method or lecture method the teacher
 - is considered as
 - A Partner
 - **B** Facilitator
 - C Delegator
 - D Formal authority
- Q16. Following are the stages of project method in teaching history without any logical order_
 - 1 Choosing and Purposing the Project
 - 2 Executing the project
 - 3 Providing a situation
 - 4 Planning of the Project
 - 5 Recording of the Project
 - 6 Evaluation of the Project

Out of the following which alternative shows the correct sequence of the above mentioned stages of the Project method? Options:

- A 123456
- B 234561
- C 314265
- D 314256

Q17. Stage of pair that: Inspect Encourage, and Reinforce the plan.

- A Review
- B Prepare
- C Act
- D Influence

Q18. Match the following methods of teaching with their following

List I	List II
(A) Oral presentation of information, principles, concepts, ideas about a topic	1 Brainstorming
(B) Sharing experiences, ideas and attitudes	2 Project Based
(C) Generating as many ideas without judging them	3 Lecture
(D) A whole-hearted purposefully activity proceeding in a social environment	4 Collaboration
	5 Discussion

OPTIONS; A A-1, B-2, C-3, D-4 B A-3, B-5, C-1, D-2 C A-5, B-4, C-3, D-2 D A-3, B-4, C-1, D-2

Q19. Which of the following will be considered key teaching behavior belonging to the category of effectiveness?

- 1 Making ideas to the learners who may be at different level of Understanding
- 2 Showing enthusiasm and animation through variation in eye Contact, voice and gestures
- 3 Using student's ideas by acknowledging and summarizing
- 4 Probing through general questions and shifting a discussion to some higher thought level
- 5 Using meaningful verbal praise to get and keep students actively Participating in the learning process Choose the correct options given below:
- A 1, 2 and 3 only

- B 1, 2 and 5 only
- $C \ \ 2, 3 \ and \ 4 \ only$
- D 3, 4 and 5 only
- Q20. Which of the following has relatively greater promise for professionalization of teacher education in India
 - A Forming of teacher associations
 - B Developing teacher code for transaction of teaching learning systems
 - C Special packages to teachers offered
 - D Enhancing the period of pre service teacher education programme
- Q21 . Globalization in pedagogy involves...
 - A A stretching of social, political and economic activities across political Frontiers.
 - B A growing magnitude of interconnectedness in almost every sphere of Social existence
 - C An accelerating pace of global interactions and processes associated With a deepening enmeshment of the local and the global
 - D All of the answer options given are correct
- Q22 .Which of the following is not a Principle of Teaching?
 - A Proceeding from simple to complex
 - B Proceeding from near to far
 - C Proceeding from complex to abstract
 - D Proceeding from concrete to abstract
- Q23. History is a dialogue between the ____ and _____
 - A Events of the past and progressively emerging of future ends
 - B Events of the present and progressively emerging future ends
 - C Dealing only with future
 - D Dealing only with past

Q24.History is important in the curriculum because____

- A It helps in the teaching of society
- B It helps in the teaching with the behavior of action of human
- C It helps in the teaching of morality
- D It helps in the teaching of individual problems
- Q25. The rules of presenting the contents to make them easy are called
 - A Method of teaching
 - B Maxims of teaching
 - C Techniques of teaching
 - D Teaching strategies

Q26. What challenge faced by history teacher in present contexts.

- A Lack of Knowledge of World History
- B Mastery of the subject
- C Updated knowledge
- D Dynamic in thought and action
- Q27. Soft applied discipline emphasize processes and ------
 - A Universal phenomena
 - B Purposive work
 - C Interpretation of phenomena
 - D Protocols

Q 28. Diction of the test -book of history should be according to theand

-of pupils.
- A Interest and skill
- B Value and moral
- C Aptitude and attitude
- D Age and standard

Q29. The essential characteristic of cooperative learning is

- A Effective learning
- B Positive interdependence
- C Co-operation
- D Division of labour

Q30 .Students are passive in

- A Project method
- B Discovery method
- C Lecture method
- D Demonstration method

ANSWER KEY

1-B	2-A	3-D	4-C	5-C
6-D	7-A	8-A	9-A	10-B
11-C	12-C	13-A	14-D	15-D
16-C	17-D	18-D	19-B	20-В
21-D	22-В	23-A	24-C	25-В
26-A	27-D	28-D	29-В	30-C

SHORT NOTES ON

Q1 Discuss any 4 merits of Story Telling Method?

Q2 Explain the Six Historical Thinking Concepts by Peter Seixas & Tom Morton?

Q3 what are the advantages of the Social Inquiry Method of teaching History?

Q4 what are the limitations of Buzz Method of Teaching?

Q5 Discuss about the Problems faced by History Teacher in teaching History?

Q6 what are the different teaching maxims?

Q7 How does History help with other subjects?

Q8 Why do you think history is generalized based learning?

Q9 How should we approach history as an academic discipline?

Q10 What are examples of audio-visual resources? How do audio-visual aids engage students in learning tasks?

Q11 Discuss about the academic discipline by Becher Bighan typology with emphasis on nature of each type?

Q12 What are the main objectives of teaching history at secondary level?
